

MySQL and Linux/Unix

Abstract

This is the MySQL Linux extract from the MySQL 5.6 Reference Manual.

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Preface and Legal Notices

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For additional documentation on MySQL products, including translations of the documentation into other languages, and downloadable versions in variety of formats, including HTML and PDF formats, see the MySQL Documentation Library.

Chapter 1. Installing MySQL on Unix/Linux Using Generic Binaries

Oracle provides a set of binary distributions of MySQL. These include binary distributions in the form of compressed tar files (files with a .tar.gz extension) for a number of platforms, as well as binaries in platform-specific package formats for selected platforms.

This section covers the installation of MySQL from a compressed tax file binary distribution. For other platform-specific package formats, see the other platform-specific sections. For example, for Windows distributions, see Installing MySQL on Microsoft Windows.

To obtain MySQL, see How to Get MySQL.

MySQL compressed tar file binary distributions have names of the form mysql-VERSION-OS.tar.gz, where VERSION is a number (for example, 5.6.13), and OS indicates the type of operating system for which the distribution is intended (for example, pc-linux-i686 or winx64).

To install MySQL from a compressed tar file binary distribution, your system must have GNU gunzip to uncompress the distribution and a reasonable tar to unpack it. If your tar program supports the z option, it can both uncompress and unpack the file.

GNU tar is known to work. The standard tar provided with some operating systems is not able to unpack the long file names in the MySQL distribution. You should download and install GNU tar, or if available, use a preinstalled version of GNU tar. Usually this is available as gnutar, gtar, or as tar within a GNU or Free Software directory, such as /usr/sfw/bin or /usr/local/bin. GNU tar is available from http://www.gnu.org/software/tar/.

Warning

If you have previously installed MySQL using your operating system native package management system, such as <code>yum</code> or <code>apt-get</code>, you may experience problems installing using a native binary. Make sure your previous MySQL previous installation has been removed entirely (using your package management system), and that any additional files, such as old versions of your data files, have also been removed. You should also check the existence of configuration files such as <code>/etc/mysql</code> directory have been deleted.

If you run into problems and need to file a bug report, please use the instructions in How to Report Bugs or Problems.

On Unix, to install a compressed tar file binary distribution, unpack it at the installation location you choose (typically /usr/local/mysql). This creates the directories shown in the following table.

Table 1.1. MySQL Installation Layout for Generic Unix/Linux Binary Package

Directory	Contents of Directory
bin	Client programs and the mysqld server
data	Log files, databases
docs	Manual in Info format
man	Unix manual pages
include	Include (header) files
lib	Libraries

Directory	Contents of Directory
scripts	mysql_install_db
share	Miscellaneous support files, including error messages, sample configuration files, SQL for database installation
sql-bench	Benchmarks

Debug versions of the mysqld binary are available as mysqld-debug. To compile your own debug version of MySQL from a source distribution, use the appropriate configuration options to enable debugging support. For more information on compiling from source, see Installing MySQL from Source.

To install and use a MySQL binary distribution, the basic command sequence looks like this:

```
shell> groupadd mysql
shell> useradd -r -g mysql mysql
shell> cd /usr/local
shell> tar zxvf /path/to/mysql-VERSION-OS.tar.gz
shell> ln -s full-path-to-mysql-VERSION-OS mysql
shell> cd mysql
shell> chown -R mysql .
shell> chgrp -R mysql .
shell> scripts/mysql_install_db --user=mysql
shell> chown -R root .
shell> chown -R mysql data
# Next command is optional
shell> cp support-files/my-medium.cnf /etc/my.cnf
shell> bin/mysqld_safe --user=mysql &
# Next command is optional
shell> cp support-files/mysql.server /etc/init.d/mysql.server
```

A more detailed version of the preceding description for installing a binary distribution follows.

Note

This procedure assumes that you have root (administrator) access to your system. Alternatively, you can prefix each command using the sudo (Linux) or pfexec (OpenSolaris) command.

The procedure does not set up any passwords for MySQL accounts. After following the procedure, proceed to Postinstallation Setup and Testing.

Create a mysql User and Group

If your system does not already have a user and group for <code>mysqld</code> to run as, you may need to create one. The following commands add the <code>mysql</code> group and the <code>mysql</code> user. You might want to call the user and group something else instead of <code>mysql</code>. If so, substitute the appropriate name in the following instructions. The syntax for <code>useradd</code> and <code>groupadd</code> may differ slightly on different versions of Unix, or they may have different names such as <code>adduser</code> and <code>addgroup</code>.

```
shell> groupadd mysql
shell> useradd -r -g mysql mysql
```

Note

Because the user is required only for ownership purposes, not login purposes, the useradd command uses the -r option to create a user that does not have login permissions to your server host. Omit this option to permit logins for the user (or if your useradd does not support the option).

Obtain and Unpack the Distribution

Pick the directory under which you want to unpack the distribution and change location into it. The example here unpacks the distribution under /usr/local. The instructions, therefore, assume that you have permission to create files and directories in /usr/local. If that directory is protected, you must perform the installation as root.

```
shell> cd /usr/local
```

Obtain a distribution file using the instructions in How to Get MySQL. For a given release, binary distributions for all platforms are built from the same MySQL source distribution.

Unpack the distribution, which creates the installation directory. Then create a symbolic link to that directory. tar can uncompress and unpack the distribution if it has z option support:

```
shell> tar zxvf /path/to/mysql-VERSION-OS.tar.gz
shell> ln -s full-path-to-mysql-VERSION-OS mysql
```

The tar command creates a directory named <code>mysql-VERSION-OS</code>. The <code>ln</code> command makes a symbolic link to that directory. This enables you to refer more easily to the installation directory as <code>/usr/local/mysql</code>.

If your tar does not have z option support, use gunzip to unpack the distribution and tar to unpack it. Replace the preceding tar command with the following alternative command to uncompress and extract the distribution:

```
shell> gunzip < /path/to/mysql-VERSION-OS.tar.gz | tar xvf -
```

Perform Postinstallation Setup

The remainder of the installation process involves setting up the configuration file, creating the core databases, and starting the MySQL server. For instructions, see Postinstallation Setup and Testing.

Note

The accounts that are listed in the MySQL grant tables initially have no passwords. After starting the server, you should set up passwords for them using the instructions in Postinstallation Setup and Testing.



Chapter 2. Installing MySQL on Linux

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Linux supports a number of different solutions for installing MySQL. The recommended method is to use one of the distributions from Oracle. If you choose this method, there are several options available:

- Installing from a generic binary package in .tar.gz format. See Chapter 1, *Installing MySQL on Unix/Linux Using Generic Binaries* for more information.
- Extracting and compiling MySQL from a source distribution. For detailed instructions, see Installing MySQL from Source.
- Installing using a precompiled RPM package. For more information, see Section 2.1, "Installing MySQL on Linux Using RPM Packages".
- Installing using a precompiled Debian package. For more information, see Section 2.2, "Installing MySQL on Linux Using Debian Packages".

As an alternative, you can use the native package manager within your Linux distribution to automatically download and install MySQL for you. Native package installations can take of the download and dependencies required to run MySQL, but the MySQL version will often be some versions behind the currently available release. You will also normally be unable to install development releases, as these are not usually made available in the native repository. For more information on using the native package installers, see Section 2.3, "Installing MySQL on Linux Using Native Package Managers".

Note

For many Linux installations, you will want to set up MySQL to be started automatically when your machine starts. Many of the native package installations perform this operation for you, but for source, binary and RPM solutions you may need to set this up separately. The required script, mysql.server, can be found in the support-files directory under the MySQL installation directory or in a MySQL source tree. You can install it as /etc/init.d/mysql for automatic MySQL startup and shutdown. See Section 5.2, "Starting and Stopping MySQL Automatically".

2.1. Installing MySQL on Linux Using RPM Packages

Note

To install or upgrade to MySQL 5.6.11, be sure to read the special instructions at the end of this section.

The recommended way to install MySQL on RPM-based Linux distributions is by using the RPM packages. The RPMs that we provide to the community should work on all versions of Linux that support RPM packages and use glibc 2.3. To obtain RPM packages, see How to Get MySQL.

For non-RPM Linux distributions, you can install MySQL using a .tar.gz package. See Chapter 1, Installing MySQL on Unix/Linux Using Generic Binaries.

Installations created from our Linux RPM distributions result in files under the system directories shown in the following table.

Table 2.1. MySQL Installation Layout for Linux RPM Packages

Directory	Contents of Directory
/usr/bin	Client programs and scripts
/usr/sbin	The mysqld server
/var/lib/mysql	Log files, databases
/usr/share/info	Manual in Info format
/usr/share/man	Unix manual pages
/usr/include/mysql	Include (header) files
/usr/lib/mysql	Libraries
/usr/share/mysql	Miscellaneous support files, including error messages, character set files, sample configuration files, SQL for database installation
/usr/share/sql-bench	Benchmarks

Note

RPM distributions of MySQL are also provided by other vendors. Be aware that they may differ from those built by us in features, capabilities, and conventions (including communication setup), and that the instructions in this manual do not necessarily apply to installing them. The vendor's instructions should be consulted instead. Because of these differences, RPM packages built by us check whether such RPMs built by other vendors are installed. If so, the RPM does not install and produces a message explaining this.

In most cases, you need to install only the MySQL-server and MySQL-client packages to get a functional MySQL installation. The other packages are not required for a standard installation.

As of MySQL 5.6.8, new RPM install operations (not upgrades) invoke mysql_install_db with the --random-passwords option that provides for more secure MySQL installation. Invoking mysql_install_db with --random-passwords causes it to assign a random password to the MySQL root accounts, set the "password expired" flag for those accounts, and remove the anonymous-user MySQL accounts. It will be necessary after installation to start the server, connect as root using the password written to the \$HOME/.mysql_secret file, and assign a new root password. Until this is done, root cannot do anything else. This must be done for each root account you intend to use. To change the password, you can use the SET PASSWORD statement (for example, with the mysql client). You can also use mysqladmin or mysql_secure_installation. For additional details, see mysql_install_db — Initialize MySQL Data Directory. (Install operations using RPMs for Unbreakable Linux Network are unaffected because they do not use mysql_install_db.)

RPMs for MySQL Cluster. Standard MySQL server RPMs built by MySQL do not provide support for the NDBCLUSTER storage engine.

Important

When upgrading a MySQL Cluster RPM installation, you must upgrade *all* installed RPMs, including the Server and Client RPMs.

For more information about installing MySQL Cluster from RPMs, see MySQL Cluster Installation.

For upgrades, if your installation was originally produced by installing multiple RPM packages, it is best to upgrade all the packages, not just some. For example, if you previously installed the server and client RPMs, do not upgrade just the server RPM.

If you get a dependency failure when trying to install MySQL packages (for example, error: removing these packages would break dependencies: libmysqlclient.so.10 is needed by ...), you should also install the MySQL-shared-compat package, which includes the shared libraries for older releases for backward compatibility.

The RPM packages shown in the following list are available. The names shown here use a suffix of .glibc23.i386.rpm, but particular packages can have different suffixes, described later.

• MySQL-server-VERSION.glibc23.i386.rpm

The MySQL server. You need this unless you only want to connect to a MySQL server running on another machine.

• MySQL-client-VERSION.qlibc23.i386.rpm

The standard MySQL client programs. You probably always want to install this package.

• MySQL-devel-VERSION.glibc23.i386.rpm

The libraries and include files that are needed if to compile other MySQL clients, such as the Perl modules. Install this RPM if you intend to compile C API applications.

• MySQL-shared-VERSION.glibc23.i386.rpm

This package contains the shared libraries (libmysqlclient.so*) that certain languages and applications need to dynamically load and use MySQL. It contains single-threaded and thread-safe libraries. Install this RPM if you intend to compile or run C API applications that depend on the shared client library.

• MySQL-shared-compat-VERSION.glibc23.i386.rpm

This package includes the shared libraries for older releases, but not the libraries for the current release. It contains single-threaded and thread-safe libraries. Install this package if you have applications installed that are dynamically linked against older versions of MySQL but you want to upgrade to the current version without breaking the library dependencies.

As of MySQL 5.6.5, the MySQL-shared-compat RPM package enables users of Red Hat-provided mysql-*-5.1 RPM packages to migrate to Oracle-provided MySQL-*-5.5 packages. MySQL-shared-compat replaces the Red Hat mysql-libs package by replacing libmysqlclient.so files of the latter package, thus satisfying dependencies of other packages on mysql-libs. This change affects only users of Red Hat (or Red Hat-compatible) RPM packages. Nothing is different for users of Oracle RPM packages.

• MySQL-embedded-VERSION.glibc23.i386.rpm

The embedded MySQL server library.

• MySQL-test-VERSION.glibc23.i386.rpm

This package includes the MySQL test suite.

• MySQL-VERSION.src.rpm

This contains the source code for all of the previous packages. It can also be used to rebuild the RPMs on other architectures (for example, Alpha or SPARC).

The suffix of RPM package names (following the VERSION value) has the following syntax:

```
.PLATFORM.CPU.rpm
```

The *PLATFORM* and *CPU* values indicate the type of system for which the package is built. *PLATFORM* indicates the platform and *CPU* indicates the processor type or family.

All packages are dynamically linked against glibc 2.3. The PLATFORM value indicates whether the package is platform independent or intended for a specific platform, as shown in the following table.

Table 2.2. MySQL Linux Installation Packages

PLATFORM Value	Intended Use
glibc23	Platform independent, should run on any Linux distribution that supports glibc 2.3
rhel4, rhel5	Red Hat Enterprise Linux 4 or 5
el6	Enterprise Linux 6
sles10, sles11	SuSE Linux Enterprise Server 10 or 11

In MySQL 5.6, only glibc23 packages are available currently.

The CPU value indicates the processor type or family for which the package is built.

Table 2.3. MySQL Installation Packages for Linux CPU Identifiers

CPU Value	Intended Processor Type or Family
i386, i586, i686	Pentium processor or better, 32 bit
x86_64	64-bit x86 processor
ia64	Itanium (IA-64) processor

To see all files in an RPM package (for example, a MySQL-server RPM), run a command like this:

```
shell> rpm -qpl MySQL-server-VERSION.glibc23.i386.rpm
```

To perform a standard minimal installation, install the server and client RPMs:

```
shell> rpm -i MySQL-server-VERSION.glibc23.i386.rpm
shell> rpm -i MySQL-client-VERSION.glibc23.i386.rpm
```

To install only the client programs, install just the client RPM:

```
shell> rpm -i MySQL-client-VERSION.glibc23.i386.rpm
```

RPM provides a feature to verify the integrity and authenticity of packages before installing them. To learn more about this feature, see Verifying Package Integrity Using MD5 Checksums or GnuPG.

The server RPM places data under the <code>/var/lib/mysql</code> directory. The RPM also creates a login account for a user named <code>mysql</code> (if one does not exist) to use for running the MySQL server, and creates the appropriate entries in <code>/etc/init.d/</code> to start the server automatically at boot time. (This means that if you have performed a previous installation and have made changes to its startup script, you may want to make a copy of the script so that you do not lose it when you install a newer RPM.) See Section 5.2,

"Starting and Stopping MySQL Automatically", for more information on how MySQL can be started automatically on system startup.

In MySQL 5.6, during a new installation, the server boot scripts are installed, but the MySQL server is not started at the end of the installation, since the status of the server during an unattended installation is not known.

In MySQL 5.6, during an upgrade installation using the RPM packages, if the MySQL server is running when the upgrade occurs, the MySQL server is stopped, the upgrade occurs, and the MySQL server is restarted. If the MySQL server is not already running when the RPM upgrade occurs, the MySQL server is not started at the end of the installation.

If something goes wrong, you can find more information in the binary installation section. See Chapter 1, *Installing MySQL on Unix/Linux Using Generic Binaries*.

Note

The accounts that are listed in the MySQL grant tables initially have no passwords. After starting the server, you should set up passwords for them using the instructions in Postinstallation Setup and Testing.

During RPM installation, a user named mysql and a group named mysql are created on the system. This is done using the useradd, groupadd, and usermod commands. Those commands require appropriate administrative privileges, which is required for locally managed users and groups (as listed in the /etc/passwd and /etc/group files) by the RPM installation process being run by root.

If you log in as the <code>mysql</code> user, you may find that MySQL displays "Invalid (old?) table or database name" errors that mention <code>.mysqlgui</code>, <code>lost+found</code>, <code>.mysqlgui</code>, <code>.bash_history</code>, <code>.fonts.cache-1</code>, <code>.lesshst</code>, <code>.mysql_history</code>, <code>.profile</code>, <code>.viminfo</code>, and similar files created by MySQL or operating system utilities. You can safely ignore these error messages or remove the files or directories that cause them if you do not need them.

For nonlocal user management (LDAP, NIS, and so forth), the administrative tools may require additional authentication (such as a password), and will fail if the installing user does not provide this authentication. Even if they fail, the RPM installation will not abort but succeed, and this is intentional. If they failed, some of the intended transfer of ownership may be missing, and it is recommended that the system administrator then manually ensures some appropriate user and group exists and manually transfers ownership following the actions in the RPM spec file.

In MySQL 5.6.11, the RPM spec file has been updated, which has the following consequences:

- For a non-upgrade installation (no existing MySQL version installed), it possible to install MySQL using yum.
- For upgrades, it is necessary to clean up any earlier MySQL installations. In effect, the update is performed by removing the old installations and installing the new one.

Additional details follow.

For a non-upgrade installation of MySQL 5.6.11, it is possible to install using yum:

```
shell> yum install MySQL-server-NEWVERSION.glibc23.i386.rpm
```

For upgrades to MySQL 5.6.11, the upgrade is performed by removing the old installation and installing the new one. To do this, use the following procedure:

1. Remove the existing 5.6.*X* installation. *OLDVERSION* is the version to remove.

```
shell> rpm -e MySQL-server-OLDVERSION.glibc23.i386.rpm
```

Repeat this step for all installed MySQL RPMs.

2. Install the new version. NEWVERSION is the version to install.

```
shell> rpm -ivh MySQL-server-NEWVERSION.glibc23.i386.rpm
```

Alternatively, the removal and installation can be done using yum:

```
shell> yum remove MySQL-server-OLDVERSION.glibc23.i386.rpm
shell> yum install MySQL-server-NEWVERSION.glibc23.i386.rpm
```

2.2. Installing MySQL on Linux Using Debian Packages

Oracle provides Debian packages for installation on Debian or Debian-like Linux systems. To obtain a package, see How to Get MySQL.

Note

Debian distributions of MySQL are also provided by other vendors. Be aware that they may differ from those built by us in features, capabilities, and conventions (including communication setup), and that the instructions in this manual do not necessarily apply to installing them. The vendor's instructions should be consulted instead

Debian package files have names in <code>mysql-MVER-DVER-CPU.deb</code> format. <code>MVER</code> is the MySQL version and <code>DVER</code> is the Debian version. The <code>CPU</code> value indicates the processor type or family for which the package is built, as shown in the following table.

Table 2.4. MySQL Installation Packages for Linux CPU Identifiers

CPU Value	Intended Processor Type or Family
i686	Pentium processor or better, 32 bit
x86_64	64-bit x86 processor

After downloading a Debian package, use the following command to install it;

```
shell> dpkg -i mysql-MVER-DVER-CPU.deb
```

The Debian package installs files in the /opt/mysql/server-5.6 directory.

You may also need to install the libaio library if it is not already present on your system:

shell> apt-get install libaio1

2.3. Installing MySQL on Linux Using Native Package Managers

Many Linux distributions include a version of the MySQL server, client tools, and development components into the standard package management system built into distributions such as Fedora, Debian, Ubuntu, and Gentoo. This section provides basic instructions for installing MySQL using these systems.

Important

Native package installations can take care of the download and dependencies required to run MySQL, but the MySQL version will often be some way behind the

currently available release. You will also normally be unable to install development releases, as these are not usually made available in the native repository.

Distribution specific instructions are shown below:

Red Hat Linux, Fedora, CentOS

For Red Hat and similar distributions, the MySQL distribution is divided into a number of separate packages, <code>mysql</code> for the client tools, <code>mysql-server</code> for the server and associated tools, and <code>mysql-libs</code> for the libraries. The libraries are required if you want to provide connectivity from different languages and environments such as Perl, Python and others.

To install, use the yum command to specify the packages that you want to install. For example:

```
root-shell> yum install mysql mysql-server mysql-libs mysql-server
Loaded plugins: presto, refresh-packagekit
Setting up Install Process
Resolving Dependencies
--> Running transaction check
---> Package mysql.x86_64 0:5.1.48-2.fc13 set to be updated
---> Package mysql-libs.x86_64 0:5.1.48-2.fc13 set to be updated
---> Package mysql-server.x86_64 0:5.1.48-2.fc13 set to be updated
--> Processing Dependency: perl-DBD-MySQL for package: mysql-server-5.1.48-2.fc13.x86_64
--> Running transaction check
---> Package perl-DBD-MySQL.x86_64 0:4.017-1.fc13 set to be updated
--> Finished Dependency Resolution
Dependencies Resolved
______
                  Arch Version
 Package
                                                      Repository Size
______
Installing:
                                                    updates

      mysql
      x86_64
      5.1.48-2.fc13

      mysql-libs
      x86_64
      5.1.48-2.fc13

      mysql-server
      x86_64
      5.1.48-2.fc13

                                                                     889 k
                                                       updates
                                                                     1.2 M
                                                       updates
                                                                     8.1 M
Installing for dependencies:
perl-DBD-MySQL x86_64
                                 4.017-1.fc13
                                                      updates
                                                                     136 k
Transaction Summary
Install 4 Package(s)
Upgrade 0 Package(s)
Total download size: 10 M
Installed size: 30 M
Is this ok [y/N]: y
Downloading Packages:
Setting up and reading Presto delta metadata
Processing delta metadata
Package(s) data still to download: 10 M
                                                     | 889 kB 00:04
(1/4): mysql-5.1.48-2.fc13.x86_64.rpm
(2/4): mysql-libs-5.1.48-2.fc13.x86_64.rpm
                                                     1.2 MB
                                                                 00:06
                                                     8.1 MB
(3/4): mysql-server-5.1.48-2.fc13.x86_64.rpm
                                                                 00:40
                                                    | 136 kB 00:00
(4/4): perl-DBD-MySQL-4.017-1.fc13.x86_64.rpm
                                           201 kB/s | 10 MB 00:52
Total
Running rpm_check_debug
Running Transaction Test
Transaction Test Succeeded
Running Transaction
 Installing : mysql-libs-5.1.48-2.fc13.x86_64
                                                                       1/4
 Installing : mysql-5.1.48-2.fc13.x86_64
                                                                       2/4
 Installing : perl-DBD-MySQL-4.017-1.fc13.x86_64
Installing : mysql-server-5.1.48-2.fc13.x86_64
                                                                       3/4
                                                                       4/4
Installed:
 mysql.x86_64 0:5.1.48-2.fc13
                                       mysql-libs.x86_64 0:5.1.48-2.fc13
 mysql-server.x86_64 0:5.1.48-2.fc13
Dependency Installed:
```

```
perl-DBD-MySQL.x86_64 0:4.017-1.fc13 Complete!
```

MySQL and the MySQL server should now be installed. A sample configuration file is installed into / etc/my.cnf. An init script, to start and stop the server, will have been installed into /etc/init.d/mysqld. To start the MySQL server use service:

```
root-shell> service mysqld start
```

To enable the server to be started and stopped automatically during boot, use chkconfig:

```
root-shell> chkconfig --levels 235 mysqld on
```

Which enables the MySQL server to be started (and stopped) automatically at the specified the run levels.

The database tables will have been automatically created for you, if they do not already exist. You should, however, run mysql_secure_installation to set the root passwords on your server.

Debian, Ubuntu, Kubuntu

On Debian and related distributions, there are two packages, mysql-client and mysql-server, for the client and server components respectively. You should specify an explicit version, for example mysql-client-5.1, to ensure that you install the version of MySQL that you want.

To download and install, including any dependencies, use the apt-get command, specifying the packages that you want to install.

Note

Before installing, make sure that you update your apt-get index files to ensure you are downloading the latest available version.

A sample installation of the MySQL packages might look like this (some sections trimmed for clarity):

```
root-shell> apt-get install mysql-client-5.1 mysql-server-5.1
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
 linux-headers-2.6.28-11 linux-headers-2.6.28-11-generic
Use 'apt-get autoremove' to remove them.
The following extra packages will be installed:
 bsd-mailx libdbd-mysql-perl libdbi-perl libhtml-template-perl
  libmysqlclient15off libmysqlclient16 libnet-daemon-perl libplrpc-perl mailx
 mysql-common postfix
Suggested packages:
 dbishell libipc-sharedcache-perl tinyca procmail postfix-mysql postfix-pgsql
  postfix-ldap postfix-pcre sasl2-bin resolvconf postfix-cdb
The following NEW packages will be installed
 bsd-mailx libdbd-mysql-perl libdbi-perl libhtml-template-perl
 libmysqlclient15off libmysqlclient16 libnet-daemon-perl libplrpc-perl mailx
 mysql-client-5.1 mysql-common mysql-server-5.1 postfix
0 upgraded, 13 newly installed, 0 to remove and 182 not upgraded.
Need to get 1907kB/25.3MB of archives.
After this operation, 59.5MB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue [Y/n]? Y
Get: 1 http://gb.archive.ubuntu.com jaunty-updates/main mysql-common 5.1.30really5.0.75-0ubuntu10.5 [63.6kB]
Get: 2 http://gb.archive.ubuntu.com jaunty-updates/main libmysqlclient15off 5.1.30really5.0.75-0ubuntu10.5 [
Fetched 1907kB in 9s (205kB/s)
Preconfiguring packages ...
Selecting previously deselected package mysql-common.
```

```
(Reading database ... 121260 files and directories currently installed.)
Processing 1 added doc-base file(s)...
Registering documents with scrollkeeper...
Setting up libnet-daemon-perl (0.43-1) ...
Setting up libplrpc-perl (0.2020-1) ...
Setting up libdbi-perl (1.607-1) ...
Setting up libmysqlclient15off (5.1.30really5.0.75-0ubuntu10.5) ...
Setting up libdbd-mysql-perl (4.008-1) ...
Setting up libmysqlclient16 (5.1.31-lubuntu2) ...
Setting up mysql-client-5.1 (5.1.31-lubuntu2) ...
Setting up mysql-server-5.1 (5.1.31-lubuntu2) ...
 * Stopping MySQL database server mysqld
   ...done.
100825 11:46:15 InnoDB: Started; log sequence number 0 46409
100825 11:46:15 InnoDB: Starting shutdown...
100825 11:46:17 InnoDB: Shutdown completed; log sequence number 0 46409
100825 11:46:17 [Warning] Forcing shutdown of 1 plugins
 * Starting MySQL database server mysqld
   ...done.
 \mbox{\ensuremath{^{\star}}} Checking for corrupt, not cleanly closed and upgrade needing tables.
Processing triggers for libc6 ...
ldconfig deferred processing now taking place
```

Note

The apt-get command will install a number of packages, including the MySQL server, in order to provide the typical tools and application environment. This can mean that you install a large number of packages in addition to the main MySQL package.

During installation, the initial database will be created, and you will be prompted for the MySQL root password (and confirmation). A configuration file will have been created in /etc/mysql/my.cnf. An init script will have been created in /etc/init.d/mysql.

The server will already be started. You can manually start and stop the server using:

```
root-shell> service mysql [start|stop]
```

The service will automatically be added to the 2, 3 and 4 run levels, with stop scripts in the single, shutdown and restart levels.

Gentoo Linux

As a source-based distribution, installing MySQL on Gentoo involves downloading the source, patching the Gentoo specifics, and then compiling the MySQL server and installing it. This process is handled automatically by the emerge command. Depending on the version of MySQL that you want to install, you may need to unmask the specific version that you want for your chosen platform.

The MySQL server and client tools are provided within a single package, dev-db/mysql. You can obtain a list of the versions available to install by looking at the portage directory for the package:

```
root-shell> ls /usr/portage/dev-db/mysql/mysql-5.1*
mysql-5.1.39-r1.ebuild
mysql-5.1.44-r1.ebuild
mysql-5.1.44-r2.ebuild
mysql-5.1.44-r3.ebuild
mysql-5.1.44-ebuild
mysql-5.1.45-r1.ebuild
mysql-5.1.45-r1.ebuild
mysql-5.1.45.ebuild
```

To install a specific MySQL version, you must specify the entire atom. For example:

```
root-shell> emerge =dev-db/mysql-5.1.46
```

A simpler alternative is to use the virtual/mysql-5.1 package, which will install the latest version:

```
root-shell> emerge =virtual/mysql-5.1
```

If the package is masked (because it is not tested or certified for the current platform), use the ACCEPT_KEYWORDS environment variable. For example:

```
root-shell> ACCEPT_KEYWORDS="~x86" emerge =virtual/mysql-5.1
```

After installation, you should create a new database using mysql_install_db, and set the password for the root user on MySQL. You can use the configuration interface to set the password and create the initial database:

```
root-shell> emerge --config =dev-db/mysql-5.1.46
```

A sample configuration file will have been created for you in /etc/mysql/my.cnf, and an init script will have been created in /etc/init.d/mysql.

To enable MySQL to start automatically at the normal (default) run levels, you can use:

```
root-shell> rc-update add mysql default
```

Chapter 3. Installing MySQL on Solaris and OpenSolaris

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MySQL on Solaris and OpenSolaris is available in a number of different formats.

- For information on installing using the native Solaris PKG format, see Section 3.1, "Installing MySQL on Solaris Using a Solaris PKG".
- On OpenSolaris, the standard package repositories include MySQL packages specially built for OpenSolaris that include entries for the Service Management Framework (SMF) to enable control of the installation using the SMF administration commands. For more information, see Section 3.2, "Installing MySQL on OpenSolaris Using IPS".
- To use a standard tar binary installation, use the notes provided in Chapter 1, Installing MySQL on Unix/Linux Using Generic Binaries. Check the notes and hints at the end of this section for Solaris specific notes that you may need before or after installation.

To obtain a binary MySQL distribution for Solaris in tarball or PKG format, http://dev.mysql.com/downloads/mysql/5.6.html.

Additional notes to be aware of when installing and using MySQL on Solaris:

• If you want to use MySQL with the mysql user and group, use the groupadd and useradd commands:

```
groupadd mysql
useradd -g mysql mysql
```

If you install MySQL using a binary tarball distribution on Solaris, you may run into trouble even before
you get the MySQL distribution unpacked, as the Solaris tar cannot handle long file names. This means
that you may see errors when you try to unpack MySQL.

If this occurs, you must use GNU tar (gtar) to unpack the distribution. In Solaris 10 and OpenSolaris gtar is normally located in /usr/sfw/bin/gtar, but may not be included in the default path definition.

- When using Solaris 10 for x86_64, you should mount any file systems on which you intend to store InnoDB files with the forcedirectio option. (By default mounting is done without this option.) Failing to do so will cause a significant drop in performance when using the InnoDB storage engine on this platform.
- If you would like MySQL to start automatically, you can copy support-files/mysql.server to / etc/init.d and create a symbolic link to it named /etc/rc3.d/S99mysql.server.
- If too many processes try to connect very rapidly to mysqld, you should see this error in the MySQL log:

```
Error in accept: Protocol error
```

You might try starting the server with the --back_log=50 option as a workaround for this.

• To configure the generation of core files on Solaris you should use the coreadm command. Because of the security implications of generating a core on a setuid() application, by default, Solaris does not support core files on setuid() programs. However, you can modify this behavior using coreadm.

If you enable setuid() core files for the current user, they will be generated using the mode 600 and owned by the superuser.

3.1. Installing MySQL on Solaris Using a Solaris PKG

You can install MySQL on Solaris and OpenSolaris using a binary package using the native Solaris PKG format instead of the binary tarball distribution.

To use this package, download the corresponding <code>mysql-VERSION-solaris10-PLATFORM.pkg.gz</code> file, then uncompress it. For example:

```
shell> gunzip mysql-5.6.13-solaris10-x86_64.pkg.gz
```

To install a new package, use pkgadd and follow the onscreen prompts. You must have root privileges to perform this operation:

The PKG installer installs all of the files and tools needed, and then initializes your database if one does not exist. To complete the installation, you should set the root password for MySQL as provided in the instructions at the end of the installation. Alternatively, you can run the mysql_secure_installation script that comes with the installation.

By default, the PKG package installs MySQL under the root path /opt/mysql. You can change only the installation root path when using pkgadd, which can be used to install MySQL in a different Solaris zone. If you need to install in a specific directory, use a binary tar file distribution.

The pkg installer copies a suitable startup script for MySQL into /etc/init.d/mysql. To enable MySQL to startup and shutdown automatically, you should create a link between this file and the init script directories. For example, to ensure safe startup and shutdown of MySQL you could use the following commands to add the right links:

```
shell> ln /etc/init.d/mysql /etc/rc3.d/S91mysql
shell> ln /etc/init.d/mysql /etc/rc0.d/K02mysql
```

To remove MySQL, the installed package name is mysql. You can use this in combination with the pkgrm command to remove the installation.

To upgrade when using the Solaris package file format, you must remove the existing installation before installing the updated package. Removal of the package does not delete the existing database information, only the server, binaries and support files. The typical upgrade sequence is therefore:

```
shell> mysqladmin shutdown
shell> pkgrm mysql
shell> pkgadd -d mysql-5.6.13-solaris10-x86_64.pkg
shell> mysqld_safe &
shell> mysql_upgrade
```

You should check the notes in Upgrading or Downgrading MySQL before performing any upgrade.

3.2. Installing MySQL on OpenSolaris Using IPS

OpenSolaris includes standard packages for MySQL in the core repository. The MySQL packages are based on a specific release of MySQL and updated periodically. For the latest release you must use either

the native Solaris PKG, tar, or source installations. The native OpenSolaris packages include SMF files so that you can easily control your MySQL installation, including automatic startup and recovery, using the native service management tools.

To install MySQL on OpenSolaris, use the pkg command. You will need to be logged in as root, or use the pfexec tool, as shown in the example below:

```
shell> pfexec pkg install SUNWmysq156
```

The package set installs three individual packages, SUNWmysq1561ib, which contains the MySQL client libraries; SUNWmysq156r which contains the root components, including SMF and configuration files; and SUNWmysq156u which contains the scripts, binary tools and other files. You can install these packages individually if you only need the corresponding components.

The MySQL files are installed into /usr/mysql which symbolic links for the sub directories (bin, lib, etc.) to a version specific directory. For MySQL 5.6, the full installation is located in /usr/mysql/5.6. The default data directory is /var/mysql/5.6/data. The configuration file is installed in /etc/mysql/5.6/my.cnf. This layout permits multiple versions of MySQL to be installed, without overwriting the data and binaries from other versions.

Once installed, you must run mysql_install_db to initialize the database, and use the mysql_secure_installation to secure your installation.

Using SMF to manage your MySQL installation

Once installed, you can start and stop your MySQL server using the installed SMF configuration. The service name is mysql, or if you have multiple versions installed, you should use the full version name, for example mysql:version_56. To start and enable MySQL to be started at boot time:

```
shell> svcadm enable mysgl
```

To disable MySQL from starting during boot time, and shut the MySQL server down if it is running, use:

```
shell> svcadm disable mysql
```

To restart MySQL, for example after a configuration file changes, use the restart option:

```
shell> svcadm restart mysql
```

You can also use SMF to configure the data directory and enable full 64-bit mode. For example, to set the data directory used by MySQL:

```
shell> svccfg
svc:> select mysql:version_56
svc:/application/database/mysql:version_56> setprop mysql/data=/data0/mysql
```

By default, the 32-bit binaries are used. To enable the 64-bit server on 64-bit platforms, set the enable_64bit parameter. For example:

```
svc:/application/database/mysql:version_56> setprop mysql/enable_64bit=1
```

You need to refresh the SMF after settings these options:

```
shell> svcadm refresh mysql
```



Chapter 4. Installing MySQL on FreeBSD

This section provides information about installing MySQL on variants of FreeBSD Unix.

You can install MySQL on FreeBSD by using the binary distribution provided by Oracle. For more information, see Chapter 1, *Installing MySQL on Unix/Linux Using Generic Binaries*.

The easiest (and preferred) way to install MySQL is to use the mysql-server and mysql-client ports available at http://www.freebsd.org/. Using these ports gives you the following benefits:

- A working MySQL with all optimizations enabled that are known to work on your version of FreeBSD.
- · Automatic configuration and build.
- Startup scripts installed in /usr/local/etc/rc.d.
- The ability to use pkg_info -L to see which files are installed.
- The ability to use pkg delete to remove MySQL if you no longer want it on your machine.

The MySQL build process requires GNU make (gmake) to work. If GNU make is not available, you must install it first before compiling MySQL.

To install using the ports system:

```
# cd /usr/ports/databases/mysql51-server
# make
...
# cd /usr/ports/databases/mysql51-client
# make
...
```

The standard port installation places the server into /usr/local/libexec/mysqld, with the startup script for the MySQL server placed in /usr/local/etc/rc.d/mysql-server.

Some additional notes on the BSD implementation:

To remove MySQL after installation using the ports system:

```
# cd /usr/ports/databases/mysql51-server
# make deinstall
...
# cd /usr/ports/databases/mysql51-client
# make deinstall
...
```

• If you get problems with the current date in MySQL, setting the TZ variable should help. See Environment Variables.

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Chapter 5. Unix Postinstallation Procedures

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5.3.	Starting and Troubleshooting the MySQL Server	30

After installing MySQL on Unix, you must initialize the grant tables, start the server, and make sure that the server works satisfactorily. You may also wish to arrange for the server to be started and stopped automatically when your system starts and stops. You should also assign passwords to the accounts in the grant tables.

On Unix, the grant tables are set up by the mysql_install_db program. For some installation methods, this program is run for you automatically if an existing database cannot be found.

- If you install MySQL on Linux using RPM distributions, the server RPM runs mysql install db.
- Using the native packaging system on many platforms, including Debian Linux, Ubuntu Linux, Gentoo Linux and others, the mysql_install_db command is run for you.
- If you install MySQL on Mac OS X using a DMG distribution, the installer runs mysql_install_db.

For other platforms and installation types, including generic binary and source installs, you will need to run mysql_install_db yourself.

The following procedure describes how to initialize the grant tables (if that has not previously been done) and start the server. It also suggests some commands that you can use to test whether the server is accessible and working properly. For information about starting and stopping the server automatically, see Section 5.2, "Starting and Stopping MySQL Automatically".

After you complete the procedure and have the server running, you should assign passwords to the accounts created by mysql_install_db and perhaps restrict access to test databases. For instructions, see Securing the Initial MySQL Accounts.

In the examples shown here, the server runs under the user ID of the mysql login account. This assumes that such an account exists. Either create the account if it does not exist, or substitute the name of a different existing login account that you plan to use for running the server. For information about creating the account, see Creating a mysql System User and Group, in Chapter 1, Installing MySQL on Unix/Linux Using Generic Binaries.

1. Change location into the top-level directory of your MySQL installation, represented here by BASEDIR:

shell> cd BASEDIR

BASEDIR is the installation directory for your MySQL instance. It is likely to be something like /usr/local/mysql or /usr/local. The following steps assume that you have changed location to this directory.

You will find several files and subdirectories in the BASEDIR directory. The most important for installation purposes are the bin and scripts subdirectories:

• The bin directory contains client programs and the server. You should add the full path name of this directory to your PATH environment variable so that your shell finds the MySQL programs properly. See Environment Variables.

- The scripts directory contains the mysql_install_db script used to initialize the mysql database containing the grant tables that store the server access permissions.
- 2. If necessary, ensure that the distribution contents are accessible to mysql. If you installed the distribution as mysql, no further action is required. If you installed the distribution as root, its contents will be owned by root. Change its ownership to mysql by executing the following commands as root in the installation directory. The first command changes the owner attribute of the files to the mysql user. The second changes the group attribute to the mysql group.

```
shell> chown -R mysql .
shell> chgrp -R mysql .
```

3. If necessary, run the mysql_install_db program to set up the initial MySQL grant tables containing the privileges that determine how users are permitted to connect to the server. You will need to do this if you used a distribution type for which the installation procedure does not run the program for you.

```
shell> scripts/mysql_install_db --user=mysql
```

Typically, <code>mysql_install_db</code> needs to be run only the first time you install MySQL, so you can skip this step if you are upgrading an existing installation, However, <code>mysql_install_db</code> does not overwrite any existing privilege tables, so it should be safe to run in any circumstances.

It might be necessary to specify other options such as --basedir or --datadir if mysql_install_db does not identify the correct locations for the installation directory or data directory. For example:

```
shell> scripts/mysql_install_db --user=mysql \
    --basedir=/opt/mysql/mysql \
    --datadir=/opt/mysql/mysql/data
```

The mysql_install_db script creates the server's data directory with mysql as the owner. Under the data directory, it creates directories for the mysql database that holds the grant tables and the test database that you can use to test MySQL. The script also creates privilege table entries for root and anonymous-user accounts. The accounts have no passwords initially. Securing the Initial MySQL Accounts, describes the initial privileges. Briefly, these privileges permit the MySQL root user to do anything, and permit anybody to create or use databases with a name of test or starting with test_. See The MySQL Access Privilege System, for a complete listing and description of the grant tables.

For a more secure installation, invoke <code>mysql_install_db</code> with the <code>--random-passwords</code> option. This causes it to assign a random password to the MySQL <code>root</code> accounts, set the "password expired" flag for those accounts, and remove the anonymous-user MySQL accounts. For additional details, see <code>mysql_install_db</code> — Initialize MySQL Data Directory. (Install operations using RPMs for Unbreakable Linux Network are unaffected because they do not use <code>mysql_install_db</code>.)

It is important to make sure that the database directories and files are owned by the <code>mysql</code> login account so that the server has read and write access to them when you run it later. To ensure this if you run <code>mysql_install_db</code> as <code>root</code>, include the <code>--user</code> option as shown. Otherwise, you should execute the script while logged in as <code>mysql</code>, in which case you can omit the <code>--user</code> option from the command.

If you do not want to have the test database, you can remove it after starting the server, using the instructions in Securing the Initial MySQL Accounts.

If you have trouble with mysql_install_db at this point, see Section 5.1, "Problems Running mysql_install_db".

4. Most of the MySQL installation can be owned by root if you like. The exception is that the data directory must be owned by mysql. To accomplish this, run the following commands as root in the installation directory:

```
shell> chown -R root .
shell> chown -R mysql data
```

- 5. If the plugin directory (the directory named by the plugin_dir system variable) is writable by the server, it may be possible for a user to write executable code to a file in the directory using SELECT ... INTO DUMPFILE. This can be prevented by making plugin_dir read only to the server or by setting --secure-file-priv to a directory where SELECT writes can be made safely.
- 6. If you installed MySQL using a source distribution, you may want to optionally copy one of the provided configuration files from the support-files directory into your /etc directory. There are different sample configuration files for different use cases, server types, and CPU and RAM configurations. If you want to use one of these standard files, you should copy it to /etc/my.cnf, or /etc/mysql/my.cnf and edit and check the configuration before starting your MySQL server for the first time.

If you do not copy one of the standard configuration files, the MySQL server will be started with the default settings.

If you want MySQL to start automatically when you boot your machine, you can copy support-files/mysql.server to the location where your system has its startup files. More information can be found in the mysql.server script itself, and in Section 5.2, "Starting and Stopping MySQL Automatically".

7. Start the MySQL server:

```
shell> bin/mysqld_safe --user=mysql &
```

It is important that the MySQL server be run using an unprivileged (non-root) login account. To ensure this if you run mysqld_safe as root, include the --user option as shown. Otherwise, you should execute the script while logged in as mysql, in which case you can omit the --user option from the command.

For further instructions for running MySQL as an unprivileged user, see How to Run MySQL as a Normal User.

If the command fails immediately and prints mysqld ended, look for information in the error log (which by default is the *host name*.err file in the data directory).

If you neglected to create the grant tables by running mysql_install_db before proceeding to this step, the following message appears in the error log file when you start the server:

```
mysqld: Can't find file: 'host.frm'
```

This error also occurs if you run mysql_install_db as root without the --user option. Remove the data directory and run mysql_install_db with the --user option as described previously.

If you have other problems starting the server, see Section 5.3, "Starting and Troubleshooting the MySQL Server". For more information about mysqld_safe, see mysqld_safe — MySQL Server Startup Script.

8. Use mysqladmin to verify that the server is running. The following commands provide simple tests to check whether the server is up and responding to connections:

```
shell> bin/mysqladmin version shell> bin/mysqladmin variables
```

The output from mysqladmin version varies slightly depending on your platform and version of MySQL, but should be similar to that shown here:

```
shell> bin/mysqladmin version
mysqladmin Ver 14.12 Distrib 5.6.13, for pc-linux-gnu on i686
...
Server version 5.6.13
Protocol version 10
Connection Localhost via UNIX socket
UNIX socket /var/lib/mysql/mysql.sock
Uptime: 14 days 5 hours 5 min 21 sec
Threads: 1 Questions: 366 Slow queries: 0
Opens: 0 Flush tables: 1 Open tables: 19
Queries per second avg: 0.000
```

To see what else you can do with mysgladmin, invoke it with the --help option.

9. Verify that you can shut down the server:

```
shell> bin/mysqladmin -u root shutdown
```

10. Verify that you can start the server again. Do this by using mysqld_safe or by invoking mysqld directly. For example:

```
shell> bin/mysqld_safe --user=mysql &
```

If mysqld_safe fails, see Section 5.3, "Starting and Troubleshooting the MySQL Server".

11. Run some simple tests to verify that you can retrieve information from the server. The output should be similar to what is shown here:

```
shell> bin/mysqlshow
     Databases
 information_schema
 mysql
test
shell> bin/mysqlshow mysql
Database: mysql
      Tables
| columns_priv
 db
 event
 func
 help_category
 help_keyword
 help_relation
 help_topic
 host
 plugin
 proc
 procs_priv
 servers
 tables_priv
 time_zone
 time_zone_leap_second
 time_zone_name
 time_zone_transition
 time_zone_transition_type
```

12. There is a benchmark suite in the sql-bench directory (under the MySQL installation directory) that you can use to compare how MySQL performs on different platforms. The benchmark suite is written in Perl. It requires the Perl DBI module that provides a database-independent interface to the various databases, and some other additional Perl modules:

```
DBI

DBD::mysql

Data::Dumper

Data::ShowTable
```

These modules can be obtained from CPAN (http://www.cpan.org/). See also Installing Perl on Unix.

The sql-bench/Results directory contains the results from many runs against different databases and platforms. To run all tests, execute these commands:

```
shell> cd sql-bench
shell> perl run-all-tests
```

If you do not have the sql-bench directory, you probably installed MySQL using RPM files other than the source RPM. (The source RPM includes the sql-bench benchmark directory.) In this case, you must first install the benchmark suite before you can use it. There are separate benchmark RPM files named mysql-bench-VERSION.i386.rpm that contain benchmark code and data.

If you have a source distribution, there are also tests in its tests subdirectory that you can run. For example, to run auto_increment.tst, execute this command from the top-level directory of your source distribution:

```
shell> mysql -vvf test < ./tests/auto_increment.tst
```

The expected result of the test can be found in the ./tests/auto increment.res file.

13. At this point, you should have the server running. However, none of the initial MySQL accounts have a password, and the server permits permissive access to test databases. To tighten security, follow the instructions in Securing the Initial MySQL Accounts.

The MySQL 5.6 installation procedure creates time zone tables in the mysql database but does not populate them. To do so, use the instructions in MySQL Server Time Zone Support.

To make it more convenient to invoke programs installed in the bin directory under the installation directory, you can add that directory to your PATH environment variable setting. That enables you to run a program by typing only its name, not its entire path name. See Setting Environment Variables.

You can set up new accounts using the bin/mysql_setpermission script if you install the DBI and DBD::mysql Perl modules. See mysql_setpermission — Interactively Set Permissions in Grant Tables. For Perl module installation instructions, see Perl Installation Notes.

If you would like to use <code>mysqlaccess</code> and have the MySQL distribution in some nonstandard location, you must change the location where <code>mysqlaccess</code> expects to find the <code>mysql</code> client. Edit the <code>bin/mysqlaccess</code> script at approximately line 18. Search for a line that looks like this:

```
$MYSQL = '/usr/local/bin/mysql'; # path to mysql executable
```

Change the path to reflect the location where mysql actually is stored on your system. If you do not do this, a Broken pipe error will occur when you run mysqlaccess.

5.1. Problems Running mysql_install_db

The purpose of the mysql_install_db script is to generate new MySQL privilege tables. It does not overwrite existing MySQL privilege tables, and it does not affect any other data.

If you want to re-create your privilege tables, first stop the <code>mysqld</code> server if it is running. Then rename the <code>mysql</code> directory under the data directory to save it, and then run <code>mysql_install_db</code>. Suppose that your current directory is the MySQL installation directory and that <code>mysql_install_db</code> is located in the <code>bin</code> directory and the data directory is named <code>data</code>. To rename the <code>mysql</code> database and re-run <code>mysql install db</code>, use these commands.

```
shell> mv data/mysql data/mysql.old
shell> scripts/mysql_install_db --user=mysql
```

When you run mysql_install_db, you might encounter the following problems:

mysql_install_db fails to install the grant tables

You may find that mysql_install_db fails to install the grant tables and terminates after displaying the following messages:

```
Starting mysqld daemon with databases from XXXXXXX mysqld ended
```

In this case, you should examine the error log file very carefully. The log should be located in the directory XXXXXX named by the error message and should indicate why mysqld did not start. If you do not understand what happened, include the log when you post a bug report. See How to Report Bugs or Problems.

• There is a mysqld process running

This indicates that the server is running, in which case the grant tables have probably been created already. If so, there is no need to run mysql_install_db at all because it needs to be run only once (when you install MySQL the first time).

Installing a second mysqld server does not work when one server is running

This can happen when you have an existing MySQL installation, but want to put a new installation in a different location. For example, you might have a production installation, but you want to create a second installation for testing purposes. Generally the problem that occurs when you try to run a second server is that it tries to use a network interface that is in use by the first server. In this case, you should see one of the following error messages:

```
Can't start server: Bind on TCP/IP port:
Address already in use
Can't start server: Bind on unix socket...
```

For instructions on setting up multiple servers, see Running Multiple MySQL Instances on One Machine.

You do not have write access to the /tmp directory

If you do not have write access to create temporary files or a Unix socket file in the default location (the /tmp directory) or the TMP_DIR environment variable, if it has been set, an error occurs when you run mysql_install_db or the mysqld server.

You can specify different locations for the temporary directory and Unix socket file by executing these commands prior to starting mysql_install_db or mysqld, where some_tmp_dir is the full path name to some directory for which you have write permission:

```
shell> TMPDIR=/some_tmp_dir/
shell> MYSQL_UNIX_PORT=/some_tmp_dir/mysql.sock
shell> export TMPDIR MYSQL_UNIX_PORT
```

Then you should be able to run mysql_install_db and start the server with these commands:

```
shell> scripts/mysql_install_db --user=mysql
shell> bin/mysqld_safe --user=mysql &
```

If mysql_install_db is located in the scripts directory, modify the first command to scripts/mysql_install_db.

See How to Protect or Change the MySQL Unix Socket File, and Environment Variables.

There are some alternatives to running the mysql_install_db script provided in the MySQL distribution:

• If you want the initial privileges to be different from the standard defaults, you can modify mysql_install_db before you run it. However, it is preferable to use GRANT and REVOKE to change the privileges after the grant tables have been set up. In other words, you can run mysql_install_db, and then use mysql -u root mysql to connect to the server as the MySQL root user so that you can issue the necessary GRANT and REVOKE statements.

If you want to install MySQL on several machines with the same privileges, you can put the GRANT and REVOKE statements in a file and execute the file as a script using mysql after running mysql_install_db. For example:

```
shell> scripts/mysql_install_db --user=mysql
shell> bin/mysql -u root < your_script_file
```

By doing this, you can avoid having to issue the statements manually on each machine.

• It is possible to re-create the grant tables completely after they have previously been created. You might want to do this if you are just learning how to use GRANT and REVOKE and have made so many modifications after running mysql_install_db that you want to wipe out the tables and start over.

To re-create the grant tables, remove all the .frm, .MYI, and .MYD files in the mysql database directory. Then run the mysql install db script again.

 You can start mysqld manually using the --skip-grant-tables option and add the privilege information yourself using mysql:

```
shell> bin/mysqld_safe --user=mysql --skip-grant-tables &
shell> bin/mysql mysql
```

From mysql, manually execute the SQL commands contained in mysql_install_db. Make sure that you run mysqladmin flush-privileges or mysqladmin reload afterward to tell the server to reload the grant tables.

Note that by not using mysql_install_db, you not only have to populate the grant tables manually, you also have to create them first.

5.2. Starting and Stopping MySQL Automatically

Generally, you start the mysqld server in one of these ways:

- Invoke mysgld directly. This works on any platform.
- Run the MySQL server as a Windows service. The service can be set to start the server automatically
 when Windows starts, or as a manual service that you start on request. For instructions, see Starting
 MySQL as a Windows Service.
- Invoke mysqld_safe, which tries to determine the proper options for mysqld and then runs it with
 those options. This script is used on Unix and Unix-like systems. See mysqld_safe MySQL Server
 Startup Script.
- Invoke mysql.server. This script is used primarily at system startup and shutdown on systems that use System V-style run directories (that is, /etc/init.d and run-level specific directories), where it usually is installed under the name mysql. The mysql.server script starts the server by invoking mysqld_safe. See mysql.server MySQL Server Startup Script.
- On Mac OS X, install a separate MySQL Startup Item package to enable the automatic startup of MySQL on system startup. The Startup Item starts the server by invoking mysql.server. See Installing the MySQL Startup Item, for details. A MySQL Preference Pane also provides control for starting and stopping MySQL through the System Preferences, see Installing and Using the MySQL Preference Pane.
- Use the Solaris/OpenSolaris service management framework (SMF) system to initiate and control MySQL startup. For more information, see Section 3.2, "Installing MySQL on OpenSolaris Using IPS".

The mysqld_safe and mysql.server scripts, Windows server, Solaris/OpenSolaris SMF, and the Mac OS X Startup Item (or MySQL Preference Pane) can be used to start the server manually, or automatically at system startup time. mysql.server and the Startup Item also can be used to stop the server.

To start or stop the server manually using the <code>mysql.server</code> script, invoke it with <code>start</code> or <code>stop</code> arguments:

```
shell> mysql.server start
shell> mysql.server stop
```

Before mysql.server starts the server, it changes location to the MySQL installation directory, and then invokes mysqld_safe. If you want the server to run as some specific user, add an appropriate user option to the [mysqld] group of the /etc/my.cnf option file, as shown later in this section. (It is possible that you will need to edit mysql.server if you've installed a binary distribution of MySQL in a nonstandard location. Modify it to change location into the proper directory before it runs mysqld_safe. If you do this, your modified version of mysql.server may be overwritten if you upgrade MySQL in the future, so you should make a copy of your edited version that you can reinstall.)

mysql.server stop stops the server by sending a signal to it. You can also stop the server manually by executing mysqladmin shutdown.

To start and stop MySQL automatically on your server, you need to add start and stop commands to the appropriate places in your /etc/rc* files.

If you use the Linux server RPM package (MySQL-server-VERSION.rpm), or a native Linux package installation, the mysql.server script may be installed in the /etc/init.d directory with the name mysql. See Section 2.1, "Installing MySQL on Linux Using RPM Packages", for more information on the Linux RPM packages.

Some vendors provide RPM packages that install a startup script under a different name such as mysqld.

If you install MySQL from a source distribution or using a binary distribution format that does not install mysql.server automatically, you can install it manually. The script can be found in the support-files directory under the MySQL installation directory or in a MySQL source tree.

To install <code>mysql.server</code> manually, copy it to the <code>/etc/init.d</code> directory with the name <code>mysql</code>, and then make it executable. Do this by changing location into the appropriate directory where <code>mysql.server</code> is located and executing these commands:

```
shell> cp mysql.server /etc/init.d/mysql
shell> chmod +x /etc/init.d/mysql
```

Note

Older Red Hat systems use the /etc/rc.d/init.d directory rather than /etc/init.d. Adjust the preceding commands accordingly. Alternatively, first create / etc/init.d as a symbolic link that points to /etc/rc.d/init.d:

```
shell> cd /etc
shell> ln -s rc.d/init.d .
```

After installing the script, the commands needed to activate it to run at system startup depend on your operating system. On Linux, you can use chkconfig:

```
shell> chkconfig --add mysql
```

On some Linux systems, the following command also seems to be necessary to fully enable the mysql script:

```
shell> chkconfig --level 345 mysql on
```

On FreeBSD, startup scripts generally should go in /usr/local/etc/rc.d/. The rc(8) manual page states that scripts in this directory are executed only if their basename matches the *.sh shell file name pattern. Any other files or directories present within the directory are silently ignored. In other words, on FreeBSD, you should install the mysql.server script as /usr/local/etc/rc.d/mysql.server.sh to enable automatic startup.

As an alternative to the preceding setup, some operating systems also use /etc/rc.local or /etc/init.d/boot.local to start additional services on startup. To start up MySQL using this method, you could append a command like the one following to the appropriate startup file:

```
/bin/sh -c 'cd /usr/local/mysql; ./bin/mysqld_safe --user=mysql &'
```

For other systems, consult your operating system documentation to see how to install startup scripts.

You can add options for <code>mysql.server</code> in a global <code>/etc/my.cnf</code> file. A typical <code>/etc/my.cnf</code> file might look like this:

```
[mysqld]
datadir=/usr/local/mysql/var
socket=/var/tmp/mysql.sock
port=3306
user=mysql
[mysql.server]
basedir=/usr/local/mysql
```

The mysql.server script supports the following options: basedir, datadir, and pid-file. If specified, they *must* be placed in an option file, not on the command line. mysql.server supports only start and stop as command-line arguments.

The following table shows which option groups the server and each startup script read from option files.

Table 5.1. MySQL Startup scripts and supported server option groups

Script	Option Groups
mysqld	[mysqld], [server], [mysqld-major_version]

Script	Option Groups
mysqld_safe	[mysqld], [server], [mysqld_safe]
mysql.server	[mysqld], [mysql.server], [server]

[mysqld-major_version] means that groups with names like [mysqld-5.5] and [mysqld-5.6] are read by servers having versions 5.5.x, 5.6.x, and so forth. This feature can be used to specify options that can be read only by servers within a given release series.

For backward compatibility, mysql.server also reads the [mysql_server] group and mysqld_safe also reads the [safe_mysqld] group. However, you should update your option files to use the [mysql.server] and [mysqld_safe] groups instead when using MySQL 5.6.

For more information on MySQL configuration files and their structure and contents, see Using Option Files.

5.3. Starting and Troubleshooting the MySQL Server

This section provides troubleshooting suggestions for problems starting the server on Unix. If you are using Windows, see Troubleshooting a Microsoft Windows MySQL Server Installation.

If you have problems starting the server, here are some things to try:

• Check the error log to see why the server does not start. Log files are located in the data directory (typically C:\Program Files\MySQL\MySQL Server 5.6\data on Windows, /usr/local/mysql/data for a Unix binary distribution, and /usr/local/var for a Unix source distribution). Look in the data directory for files with names of the form <code>host_name.err</code> and <code>host_name.log</code>, where <code>host_name</code> is the name of your server host. Then examine the last few lines of these files. On Unix, use tail to display them:

```
shell> tail host_name.err
shell> tail host_name.log
```

• Specify any special options needed by the storage engines you are using. You can create a my.cnf file and specify startup options for the engines that you plan to use. If you are going to use storage engines that support transactional tables (InnoDB, NDB), be sure that you have them configured the way you want before starting the server. If you are using InnoDB tables, see Configuring InnoDB for guidelines and InnoDB Startup Options and System Variables for option syntax.

Although storage engines use default values for options that you omit, Oracle recommends that you review the available options and specify explicit values for any options whose defaults are not appropriate for your installation.

Make sure that the server knows where to find the data directory. The mysqld server uses this directory
as its current directory. This is where it expects to find databases and where it expects to write log files.
The server also writes the pid (process ID) file in the data directory.

The default data directory location is hardcoded when the server is compiled. To determine what the default path settings are, invoke <code>mysqld</code> with the <code>--verbose</code> and <code>--help</code> options. If the data directory is located somewhere else on your system, specify that location with the <code>--datadir</code> option to <code>mysqld</code> or <code>mysqld_safe</code>, on the command line or in an option file. Otherwise, the server will not work properly. As an alternative to the <code>--datadir</code> option, you can specify <code>mysqld</code> the location of the base directory under which <code>MySQL</code> is installed with the <code>--basedir</code>, and <code>mysqld</code> looks for the <code>data</code> directory there.

To check the effect of specifying path options, invoke <code>mysqld</code> with those options followed by the <code>--verbose</code> and <code>--help</code> options. For example, if you change location into the directory where <code>mysqld</code>

is installed and then run the following command, it shows the effect of starting the server with a base directory of /usr/local:

```
shell> ./mysqld --basedir=/usr/local --verbose --help
```

You can specify other options such as --datadir as well, but --verbose and --help must be the last options.

Once you determine the path settings you want, start the server without --verbose and --help.

If mysqld is currently running, you can find out what path settings it is using by executing this command:

```
shell> mysqladmin variables
```

Or:

```
shell> mysqladmin -h host_name variables
```

host_name is the name of the MySQL server host.

 Make sure that the server can access the data directory. The ownership and permissions of the data directory and its contents must allow the server to read and modify them.

If you get Errcode 13 (which means Permission denied) when starting mysqld, this means that the privileges of the data directory or its contents do not permit server access. In this case, you change the permissions for the involved files and directories so that the server has the right to use them. You can also start the server as root, but this raises security issues and should be avoided.

On Unix, change location into the data directory and check the ownership of the data directory and its contents to make sure the server has access. For example, if the data directory is /usr/local/mysql/var, use this command:

```
shell> ls -la /usr/local/mysql/var
```

If the data directory or its files or subdirectories are not owned by the login account that you use for running the server, change their ownership to that account. If the account is named <code>mysql</code>, use these commands:

```
shell> chown -R mysql /usr/local/mysql/var
shell> chgrp -R mysql /usr/local/mysql/var
```

Even with correct ownership, MySQL might fail to start up if there is other security software running on your system that manages application access to various parts of the file system. In this case, reconfigure that software to enable mysqld to access the directories it uses during normal operation.

Verify that the network interfaces the server wants to use are available.

If either of the following errors occur, it means that some other program (perhaps another mysqld server) is using the TCP/IP port or Unix socket file that mysqld is trying to use:

```
Can't start server: Bind on TCP/IP port: Address already in use
Can't start server: Bind on unix socket...
```

Use ps to determine whether you have another mysqld server running. If so, shut down the server before starting mysqld again. (If another server is running, and you really want to run multiple servers, you can find information about how to do so in Running Multiple MySQL Instances on One Machine.)

If no other server is running, execute the command telnet your_host_name
tcp_ip_port_number. (The default MySQL port number is 3306.) Then press Enter a couple of

times. If you do not get an error message like telnet: Unable to connect to remote host: Connection refused, some other program is using the TCP/IP port that mysqld is trying to use. Track down what program this is and disable it, or tell mysqld to listen to a different port with the --port option. In this case, specify the same non-default port number for client programs when connecting to the server using TCP/IP.

Another reason the port might be inaccessible is that you have a firewall running that blocks connections to it. If so, modify the firewall settings to permit access to the port.

If the server starts but you cannot connect to it, make sure that you have an entry in /etc/hosts that looks like this:

127.0.0.1 localhost

• If you cannot get mysqld to start, try to make a trace file to find the problem by using the --debug option. See MySQL Internals: Porting to Other Systems.

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The following is a list of the libraries we have included with the MySQL Server source and components used to test MySQL. We are thankful to all individuals that have created these. Some of the components require that their licensing terms be included in the documentation of products that include them. Cross references to these licensing terms are given with the applicable items in the list.

· GroupLens Research Project

The MySQL Quality Assurance team would like to acknowledge the use of the MovieLens Data Sets (10 million ratings and 100,000 tags for 10681 movies by 71567 users) to help test MySQL products and to thank the GroupLens Research Project at the University of Minnesota for making the data sets available.

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- · Section A.4, "Boost Library License"
- Section A.6, "dtoa.c License"
- Section A.7, "Editline Library (libedit) License"
- Section A.9, "Facebook Fast Checksum Patch License"
- · Section A.10, "Facebook Patches License"
- Section A.11, "FindGTest.cmake License"
- Section A.12, "Fred Fish's Dbug Library License"
- Section A.13, "getarg License"
- Section A.15, "GNU General Public License Version 2.0, June 1991"
- Section A.16, "GNU General Public License Version 3.0, 29 June 2007 and GCC Runtime Library Exception Version 3.1, 31 March 2009"
- Section A.17, "GNU Lesser General Public License Version 2.1, February 1999"
- Section A.19, "GNU Readline License"
- Section A.20, "GNU Standard C++ Library (libstdc++) License"
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- · Section A.51, "Unicode Data Files"
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- Section A.18, "GNU Libtool License"
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- Section A.27, "libevent License"
- Section A.28, "Libiconv License"
- Section A.29, "libintl License"
- Section A.31, "LPeg Library License"
- Section A.32, "Lua (liblua) License"
- Section A.33, "LuaFileSystem Library License"
- Section A.42, "PCRE License"

A.1. Ant-Contrib License

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Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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freestanding. Also included in the distribution is a set
of C++ wrapper functions.
THE BASIC LIBRARY FUNCTIONS
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Email local part: ph10
Email domain:
                 cam.ac.uk
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Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see http://www.cwi.nl) in the Netherlands

as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see http://www.cnri.reston.va.us) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see http://www.zope.com). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see http://www.python.org/psf/) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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Release	Derived from	Year	Owner	GPL-compatible? (1)
0.9.0 thru 1.2 1.3 thru 1.5.2	1.2	1991-1995 1995-1999	CWI CNRI	yes yes
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.2	2.1.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.1	2.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.2	2.2.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.3	2.2.2	2003	PSF	yes
2.3	2.2.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.1	2.3	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.2	2.3.1	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.3	2.3.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.4	2.3.3	2004	PSF	yes
2.3.5	2.3.4	2005	PSF	yes
2.4	2.3	2004	PSF	yes
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2.4.2	2.4.1	2005	PSF	yes
2.4.3	2.4.2	2006	PSF	yes
2.5	2.4	2006	PSF	yes
2.5.1	2.5 2007	-	s	
2.5.2			yes	
2.5.3	2.5.2 200	8 PSF	yes	
		PSF yes		
2.6.1		PSF ye	s	
2.6.2	2.6.1 200		yes	
2.6.3	2.6.2 200		yes	
2.6.4	2.6.3 201		yes	
2.7 2.	.6 2010	PSF yes		

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Mersenne Twister

==========

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A C-program for MT19937, with initialization improved 2002/1/26. Coded by Takuji Nishimura and Makoto Matsumoto.

Before using, initialize the state by using init_genrand(seed) or init_by_array(init_key, key_length).

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Any feedback is very welcome. http://www.math.keio.ac.jp/matumoto/emt.html email: matumoto@math.keio.ac.jp

Sockets

======

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Independent implementation of MD5 (RFC 1321).

This code implements the MD5 Algorithm defined in RFC 1321, whose text is available at $\,$

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The original and principal author of md5.h is L. Peter Deutsch <ghost@aladdin.com>. Other authors are noted in the change history
that follows (in reverse chronological order):

2002-04-13 lpd Removed support for non-ANSI compilers; removed references to Ghostscript; clarified derivation from RFC 1321; now handles byte order either statically or dynamically.

1999-11-04 lpd Edited comments slightly for automatic TOC extraction.

1999-10-18 lpd Fixed typo in header comment (ansi2knr rather than md5); added conditionalization for C++ compilation from Martin Purschke purschke@bnl.gov>.

1999-05-03 lpd Original version.

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Modified by Jack Jansen, CWI, July 1995:

- Use binascii module to do the actual line-by-line conversion between ascii and binary. This results in a 1000-fold speedup. The C version is still 5 times faster, though.
- Arguments more compliant with Python standard

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========

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strtod and dtoa

```
==========
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